AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial

DET: 14 2023

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY
DEPUTY CLERK

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Ea	astern District of California DEPUTY CLERK
United States of America v.))
SAM MOSS KERFOOT, Defendant) Case No. 2:23-cr-00269-DAD)
ORDER OF I	DETENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part	I - Eligibility for Detention
Upon the	
Motion of the Government or Co the Court held a detention hearing and found that	ney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or purt's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), to detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fac	ct and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
presumption that no condition or combination and the community because the following of the community because the communi	the of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): ation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or aximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or timum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act apter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph described in subparagraphs (a) jurisdiction had existed, or a complete (e) any felony that is not other	has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs oh, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal ombination of such offenses; or wise a crime of violence but involves: Session of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921);
(iii) any other dangerous weap (2) the defendant has previously bee § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local o to Federal jurisdiction had existed; a	on; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and en convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. ffense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise and
(3) the offense described in paragraph	ph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was

committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; *and* [4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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X B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
X (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
XC. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
X The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
X By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
X By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong X Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
X Prior criminal history Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
History of violence or use of weapons
History of alcohol or substance abuse
Lack of stable employment
Lack of stable residence
Lack of financially responsible sureties
Lack of significant community or family ties to this district

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Significant family or other ties outside the United States Lack of legal status in the United States Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of ince	
Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of inc	
	carceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered	
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement	
Use of alias(es) or false documents	
X Background information unknown or unverified	
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release	

OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Dated: December 14, 2023

DEBORAH BARNES

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE